Carbon Brush





Features of Carbon Brush Products

The carbon brush plays the important role of sending electrical current between motionless and rotating parts by sliding contact. Since the performance of the brush has a significant impact of the performance of rotating machine, the choice of brush is a critical factor. At the Toyo Tanso Group, we develop and produce carbon brushes for a variety of customer needs and purposes, applying the superior technology and quality assurance know-how that we have developed over our many years of research in the field. Our products exude minimum impact on the environment, and can be used for many different applications.

Excellent self-lubrication and abrasion resistance

Carbon has self-lubricating properties and low coefficient of friction due to its layered crystal structure, making it highly abrasion resistant. The carbon is thus characterized by outstanding abrasion resistance and low friction under conduction, which is important for carbon brush.

Superior conductivity

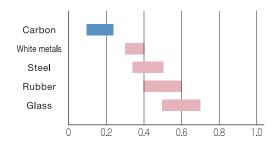
With its excellent electrical conductivity, carbon can offer a stable, optimal level of electrical resistivity, which is enhanced by appropriate selection of materials and production process depending on the application.

Outstanding durability

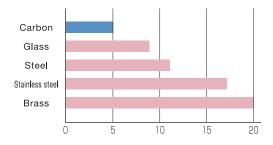
Carbon has low coefficient of thermal expansion, which means that it hardly has changes in shape or quality even at high temperatures. It is also resistant to the softening and melt-down that can occur due to sparking during operations, and does not fuse with other metals.

Superior ridability during sliding contact

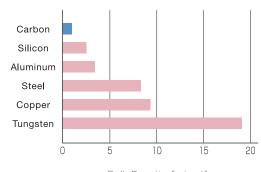
Compared to conductive metals in general, bulk density and the Young's modulus are small in carbon, hence carbon has superior ridability during sliding contact.



Coefficient of dynamic friction with steel surface [in air room temperature]

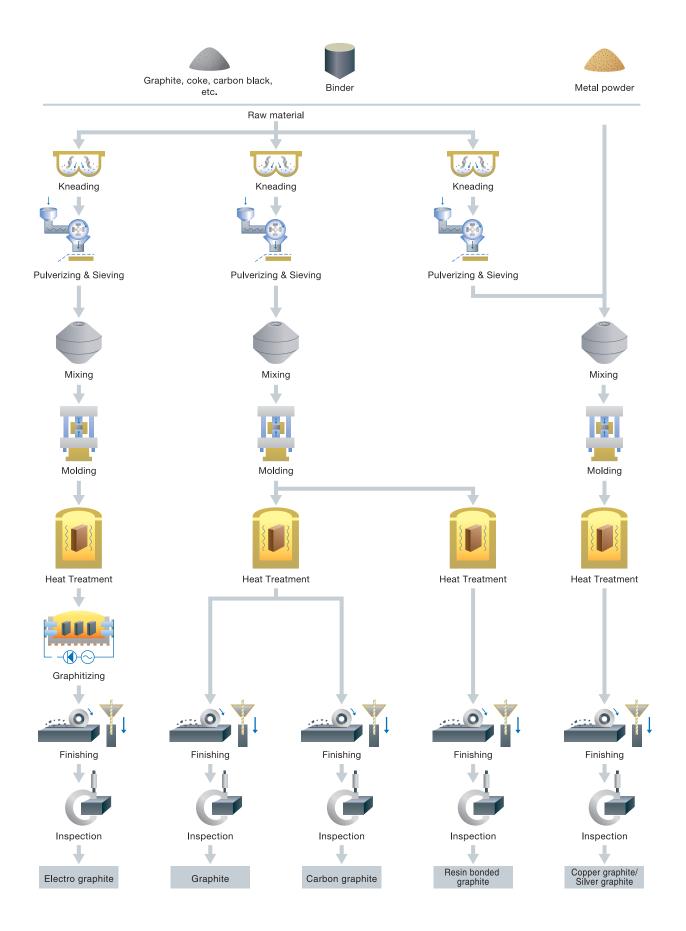


Coefficient of thermal expansion $[10^{-6}/K]$





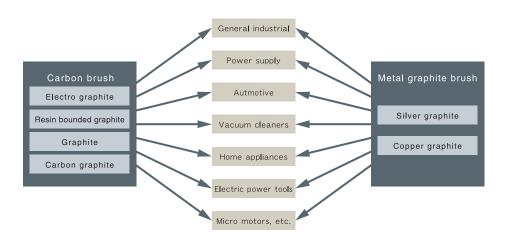
Manufacturing Process





Brush Types and Applications: Some Examples

At Toyo Tanso group, we offer an entire array of brushes, including for general industrial use, vacuum cleaners, automotive, home electronic appliances, power tool motors, electrical supply, micro motors, and more.







■Vacuum cleaners

Vacuum cleaners



■Home appliances

Washing machines





Power tools

Disk grinders



Micro motors, etc.

Printers





Product Descriptions

The Toyo Tanso Group is constantly researching ways to achieve top performance with our brushes for each of their various purposes. We have successfully developed a range of new products up through the present time, including special coated brushes, carbon brush with cut-off device, vehicle fuel pump brushes and carbon discs, and more.

■Brushes and Carbon Disks for Vehicle Fuel Pumps

Carbon is the answer to the many conditions required for the commutator for vehicle fuel pumps. Toyo Tanso has developed optimal brush materials and low-wear carbon disc for commutator. We can propose the ideal carbon brush material to match usage conditions.





Carbon brush with cut-off device

At the end of their lifespan, brushes tend to incur greater sparking from commutation, as the spring pressure deteriorates. The brush with cut-off device quickly cuts electric current when brush is worn out to reduce commutator loss. Toyo Tanso offers cut-off design depend on brush type and application.





The washing machine brush

Extremly long life brushes are required for commutator motor for drum-type washing machine. Toyo Tanso offers a long- lasting brush that performs well even during the machine's reverse cycle.



■The Specially Coated Brush

This brush features a thin conductive metal film coating on the surface. The coating serves to cut loss associated with electrical resistance and rises in temperatures without sacrificing life time and commutation properties of the brush. These brushes are used in small high-speed vacuum cleaners, power tool motors, and more.





Typical Properties

Composition	Grade	Bu l k Density	Hardness	Electrical Resistivity		Coefficient of	Contact voltage drop	Max. peripheral speed	density	Features/applications		
g.		g/cm ³	HSC	μΩ·m	MPa	friction	V	m/s	A/cm ²			
	401	1.68	18	9	10	М	М	30	10	Good film formation. Suitable for slip rings that easily generate streaking.		
	502	1.77	51	11	37	М	М	25	10	Good roughing resistance because of fine grain isotropic structur Suitable for low speed, small capacity DC motors and slip rings.		
	503	1.68	46	13	29	М	М	30	10	Same as 502 good roughing resistance because of fine grain isotropic structure. Suitable for small/med capacity motors of faster speed than 502.		
	176	1.62	28	14	16	М	М	45	12	Good film formation. Good commutation performance. Suitable for DC motors up to medium capacity.		
Elect	BZ-229	1.6	23	22	11	М	М	40	12	Moderate film adjusting function. Suitable for medium and higher capacity mill motors		
Electrographite	BZ-256	1.61	28	19	14	М	М	40	12	Better film formation than BZ-229. Suitable for medium and higher capacity mill motor		
ohite	213	1.61	32	23	16	М	М	40	12	Better film adjusting effect than 176. Suitable for DC motors up to medium capacity.		
	321	1.74	62	34	31	М	М	35	10	Good wear resistance.		
	TH-03	1.75	68	40	35	М	М	35	10	Suitable for traction motors.		
	351A	1.63	49	47	22	Н	М	40	10	Standard material for commutation brushes. Suitable for medium capacity DC motors.		
	641	1.64	59	75	12	Н	М	40	10	Suitable for difficult commutation high capacity DC motors and universal motors.		
	402	1.71	24	10	18	М	М	25	10	Has film adjusting effect. Suitable for thick film slip rings.		
Graphite	801	1.65	30	35	19	М	М	45	15	Good wear resistance. Suitable for pump motors for power steering.		
hite	TR-52	1.74	30	14	16	М	М	40	12	Better commutation performance than 788. Suitable for forklifts of 48V or more.		
	TR-19	1.51	33	200	19	М	М	40	12	Good wear resistance. Suitable for 3-phase commutator motor.		

**Coefficient of friction: H···0.25 or greater M···0.20-0.25 (Measuring conditions/Slip ring: Copper; Speed: 9.3 m/second; Current: 0 A)

Maximum peripheral speed and maximum current density differ depending on the commutator and slip ring conditions and conditions of use. The information listed to the right and above represents general examples. Before choosing a product, consult with our staff about your particular needs.

[%]Contact voltage drop: M···0.5-1.0 V/unit (Measuring conditions/Slip ring: Copper; Speed: 9.3 m/second; Current: DC10 A/cm sq.)

 $[\]ensuremath{\mbox{\%}}\mbox{The above figures are typical values, and are not guaranteed.}$



Composition	Grade	Bu l k Density	Hardness	Electrical Resistivity	Flexural Strength	Coefficient of	Contact voltage drop	Max. peripheral speed	Max. current density	Features/applications			
ition		g/cm ³	HSC	μΩ·m	MPa	friction	V	m/s	A/cm ²				
	M-90	6.30	15	0.32	108	М	VL	20	25				
	M-1T	6.19	13	0.27	108	М	VL	22	22	High strength copper alloy type. Suitable for contacts and grounds.			
	M-2T	5.70	15	0.50	80	М	VL	25	20				
	M-1H	6.83	6	0.04	87	М	VL	25	20				
	M-1	5.41	12	0.08	42	L	VL	30	25	High copper content.			
	M-1F	5.30	18	0.15	49	L	VL	30	25	Very low temperature rise and contact voltage drop. Suitable for high electrical capacity generators and motors			
	M-2H	4.93	13	0.10	34	L	VL	30	20	generators and motors			
	M-2HF	4.80	18	0.33	44	М	VL	30	20				
Cop	M-2	4.40	15	0.50	29	L	VL	30	20				
pper G	M-2F	4.35	15	0.50	44	М	VL	30	20	The copper content amount is next to M1,			
Copper Graphite	м-зн	4.04	16	0.70	29	М	VL	30	18	M-2H class and has good wear resistance. Suitable for large capacity generators and slip rings for general rotary machine.			
e I	M-3HF	4.05	20	0.60	44	М	VL	30	18				
	M-3	3.78	17	1.00	29	L	VL	30	18	Middle grade between graphite and metal graphite			
	M-4	3.48	17	2.00	25	L	L	30	18	Middle grade between graphite and metal graphite and has features of both. In particular, it is super in roughing resistance. It is applicable for small/me appoint graphite and materia.			
	M-550	2.96	25	2.50	39	М	L	35	15	capacity generators and motors.			
	M-750	2.32	23	6.00	32	М	L	35	15	Good wear resistance. Particularly suitable for stainless steel slip rings.			
	788	2.02	23	9.00	23	М	М	45	12	Good dementional stability in high temperature. Suitable for forklifts of 48V or less.			
	M-2TB	5.74	12	0.48	65	М	VL	25	20				
	M-1B	5.30	10	0.10	43	L	VL	30	25	Same application as the above M-1 and M-2. But does not contain lead.			
	M-2B	4.34	13	0.28	31	L	VL	30	20				
	MF-302	2.65	18	3.00	23	М	L	30	20	Suitable for automobile DC12V fan.			
	MF-501	3.00	20	0.90	28	L	L	30	20	Suitable for automobile DC12V winch.			
	MF-101	2.90	18	2.20	28	М	L	30	20				
	MF-202	2.05	10	38.0	23	Н	М	30	15	Suitable for DC19.2V cleaners.			
Co	MF-203	2.05	10	30.0	23	L	М	30	15				
Copper Graphite	MF-301	2.40	15	10.0	23	М	М	30	20	Suitable for DC24V cleaners.			
iraphit	MF-401	2.67	18	10.0	21	М	М	30	20	Suitable for DC19.2V cleaners.			
te II	MF-204	3.78	15	0.30	40	М	L	30	25	Suitable for DC7.2V power tools.			
	MF-205	3.00	20	0.80	28	М	L	30	20	Suitable for DC24V power tools.			
	MF-701	2.26	18	10.0	30	М	М	30	20	Suitable for DC22-36V power tools.			
	MF-201	2.25	10	30.0	23	М	М	30	15	Suitable for household coffee mills.			
	MF-601	2.05	10	50.0	23	М	М	30	15	Suitable for electric wheelchair			

^{**}Coefficient of friction: H···0.25 or greater M···0.20-0.25 L/0.20 or less (Measuring conditions/Slip ring: Copper; Speed: 9.0 m/second; Current: 0A) **Contact voltage drop: M···0.5-1.0 V/unit, L···.0.25-0.50 V/unit; VL: 0.25 or less/unit

⁽Measuring conditions/Slip ring: Copper; Speed: 9.0 m/second; Current: DC10 A/cm sq.)

 $[\]ensuremath{\mbox{\%The}}$ above figures are typical values, and are not guaranteed.



Typical Properties

Composition	Grade	Bu l k Density	Hardness	Electrical Resistivity	Flexural Strength	Coefficient of	Contact voltage drop	Max. peripheral speed	Max. current density	Features/applications					
Eig		g/cm³	HSC	μΩ·m	MPa	friction	V	m/s	A/cm ²						
Silver	SX-50	3.20	15	2.70	29	М	VL	20	12						
	SX-70	4.45	15	0.25	40	М	VL	20	15	Very low temperature rise and contact voltage drop. Suitable for low current tachometers and grounds contacts.					
graphite	SX-90	6.85	18	0.05	84	М	VL	20	22	<u></u>					

 $[\]label{lem:conditions} \parbox{\@scale=1.5ex}{\@scale=1.5ex} \parbox$

Bulk Hardness Electrical Flexural Coefficient Voltage Peripheral Current

Grade	Density	Hardness	Resistivity Strength		Coefficient	voltage drop	peripheral speed	current density	Features/applications				
	g/cm³	HSC	μΩ·m	MPa	friction	V	m/s	A/cm ²					
X-03	1.50	12	200	15	L	Н	54	20					
X-09	1.52	14	260	15	L	Н	54	20					
X-17	1.54	15	330	18	L	Н	54	20	Good ridability. Suitable for 100-120V high efficiency				
X-72	1.47	19	380	14	L	Н	48	20	cleaners.				
X-87	1.50	17	380	22	L	Н	54	20					
X-88	1.52	14	360	20	L	Н	54	20					
X-05	1.48	15	400	18	L	Н	50	20					
X-10	1.52	15	270	17	L	Н	50	20	Good ridability.				
X-78	1.51	17	370	22	L	Н	48	20	Suitable for 100-240V high input cleaners.				
X-80	1.51	17	360	22	L	Н	48	20					
X-13	1.48	19	700	22	L	Н	50	15					
X-85	1.48	20	400	14	L	Н	48	20					
X-89	1.53	19	350	21	L	Н	48	20	Good commutation performance. Suitable for 120-240V cleaners.				
X-93	1.50	18	640	27	L	Н	50	15					
X-95	1.51	19	640	24	L	Н	50	15					
X-97	1.45	19	430	14	L	Н	50	20					
X-11	1.35	15	1100	14	L	VH	54	13					
X-73	1.52	24	920	24	L	VH	40	13	Good commutation performance.				
X-91	1.35	15	1100	17	L	VH	54	13	Suitable for 200-240V cleaners.				
X-94	1.36	14	1200	17	L	VH	54	13					
X-04	1.36	17	1600	11	L	VH	54	10					
X-08	1.29	14	1600	14	L	VH	54	10	Good commutation performance. Suitable for 200-240V cleaners, small motors.				
X-96	1.31	14	1600	16	L	VH	54	10					
B-2	1.75	25	390	24	L	Н	25	8	Suitable for juicers, dryers. Moldable by press to size up to 18mm length max.				
	X-03 X-09 X-17 X-72 X-87 X-88 X-05 X-10 X-78 X-80 X-13 X-85 X-93 X-95 X-91 X-73 X-91 X-94 X-04 X-08 X-96		g/cm³ HSC X-03 1.50 12 X-09 1.52 14 X-17 1.54 15 X-72 1.47 19 X-87 1.50 17 X-88 1.52 14 X-05 1.48 15 X-10 1.52 15 X-78 1.51 17 X-80 1.51 17 X-81 1.48 19 X-85 1.48 20 X-89 1.53 19 X-93 1.50 18 X-93 1.50 18 X-94 1.35 15 X-91 1.35 15 X-94 1.36 14 X-04 1.36 17 X-96 1.31 14	g/cm³ HSC μΩ·m X-03 1.50 12 200 X-09 1.52 14 260 X-17 1.54 15 330 X-72 1.47 19 380 X-87 1.50 17 380 X-88 1.52 14 360 X-05 1.48 15 400 X-10 1.52 15 270 X-78 1.51 17 360 X-78 1.51 17 360 X-80 1.51 17 360 X-81 1.48 19 700 X-85 1.48 20 400 X-89 1.53 19 350 X-93 1.50 18 640 X-95 1.51 19 640 X-97 1.45 19 430 X-11 1.35 15 1100 X-91 1.35 15	g/cm³ HSC μ Ω·m MPa X-03 1.50 12 200 15 X-09 1.52 14 260 15 X-17 1.54 15 330 18 X-72 1.47 19 380 14 X-87 1.50 17 380 22 X-88 1.52 14 360 20 X-05 1.48 15 400 18 X-10 1.52 15 270 17 X-78 1.51 17 370 22 X-80 1.51 17 360 22 X-13 1.48 19 700 22 X-85 1.48 20 400 14 X-89 1.53 19 350 21 X-93 1.50 18 640 27 X-95 1.51 19 640 24 X-97 1.45 19	g/cm³ HSC μ Ω·m MPa friction X-03 1.50 12 200 15 L X-09 1.52 14 260 15 L X-17 1.54 15 330 18 L X-72 1.47 19 380 14 L X-87 1.50 17 380 22 L X-88 1.52 14 360 20 L X-88 1.52 14 360 20 L X-95 1.48 15 400 18 L X-10 1.52 15 270 17 L X-78 1.51 17 360 22 L X-80 1.51 17 360 22 L X-81 1.48 19 700 22 L X-85 1.48 20 400 14 L X-93 1.50 <td>x-03 HSC μΩ·m MPa friction V x-03 1.50 12 200 15 L H x-09 1.52 14 260 15 L H x-17 1.54 15 330 18 L H x-17 1.54 15 330 18 L H x-72 1.47 19 380 14 L H x-87 1.50 17 380 22 L H x-88 1.52 14 360 20 L H x-05 1.48 15 400 18 L H x-10 1.52 15 270 17 L H x-78 1.51 17 360 22 L H x-80 1.51 17 360 22 L H x-85 1.48 20 400 14<td>κ/cm² HSC μ Ω·m MPa friction V m/s X-03 1.50 12 200 15 L H 54 X-09 1.52 14 260 15 L H 54 X-17 1.54 15 330 18 L H 54 X-72 1.47 19 380 14 L H 48 X-87 1.50 17 380 22 L H 54 X-88 1.52 14 360 20 L H 54 X-88 1.52 15 270 17 L H 50 X-10 1.52 15 270 17 L H 50 X-78 1.51 17 360 22 L H 48 X-80 1.51 17 360 22 L H 48 X-85 1.48<td>R/cm² HSC µ Ω·m MPa riction V m/s A/cm² X-03 1.50 12 200 15 L H 54 20 X-09 1.52 14 260 15 L H 54 20 X-17 1.54 15 330 18 L H 54 20 X-72 1.47 19 380 14 L H 48 20 X-87 1.50 17 380 22 L H 54 20 X-88 1.52 14 360 20 L H 50 20 X-05 1.48 15 400 18 L H 50 20 X-78 1.51 17 360 22 L H 48 20 X-80 1.51 17 360 22 L H 48 20 X-85</td></td></td>	x-03 HSC μΩ·m MPa friction V x-03 1.50 12 200 15 L H x-09 1.52 14 260 15 L H x-17 1.54 15 330 18 L H x-17 1.54 15 330 18 L H x-72 1.47 19 380 14 L H x-87 1.50 17 380 22 L H x-88 1.52 14 360 20 L H x-05 1.48 15 400 18 L H x-10 1.52 15 270 17 L H x-78 1.51 17 360 22 L H x-80 1.51 17 360 22 L H x-85 1.48 20 400 14 <td>κ/cm² HSC μ Ω·m MPa friction V m/s X-03 1.50 12 200 15 L H 54 X-09 1.52 14 260 15 L H 54 X-17 1.54 15 330 18 L H 54 X-72 1.47 19 380 14 L H 48 X-87 1.50 17 380 22 L H 54 X-88 1.52 14 360 20 L H 54 X-88 1.52 15 270 17 L H 50 X-10 1.52 15 270 17 L H 50 X-78 1.51 17 360 22 L H 48 X-80 1.51 17 360 22 L H 48 X-85 1.48<td>R/cm² HSC µ Ω·m MPa riction V m/s A/cm² X-03 1.50 12 200 15 L H 54 20 X-09 1.52 14 260 15 L H 54 20 X-17 1.54 15 330 18 L H 54 20 X-72 1.47 19 380 14 L H 48 20 X-87 1.50 17 380 22 L H 54 20 X-88 1.52 14 360 20 L H 50 20 X-05 1.48 15 400 18 L H 50 20 X-78 1.51 17 360 22 L H 48 20 X-80 1.51 17 360 22 L H 48 20 X-85</td></td>	κ/cm² HSC μ Ω·m MPa friction V m/s X-03 1.50 12 200 15 L H 54 X-09 1.52 14 260 15 L H 54 X-17 1.54 15 330 18 L H 54 X-72 1.47 19 380 14 L H 48 X-87 1.50 17 380 22 L H 54 X-88 1.52 14 360 20 L H 54 X-88 1.52 15 270 17 L H 50 X-10 1.52 15 270 17 L H 50 X-78 1.51 17 360 22 L H 48 X-80 1.51 17 360 22 L H 48 X-85 1.48 <td>R/cm² HSC µ Ω·m MPa riction V m/s A/cm² X-03 1.50 12 200 15 L H 54 20 X-09 1.52 14 260 15 L H 54 20 X-17 1.54 15 330 18 L H 54 20 X-72 1.47 19 380 14 L H 48 20 X-87 1.50 17 380 22 L H 54 20 X-88 1.52 14 360 20 L H 50 20 X-05 1.48 15 400 18 L H 50 20 X-78 1.51 17 360 22 L H 48 20 X-80 1.51 17 360 22 L H 48 20 X-85</td>	R/cm² HSC µ Ω·m MPa riction V m/s A/cm² X-03 1.50 12 200 15 L H 54 20 X-09 1.52 14 260 15 L H 54 20 X-17 1.54 15 330 18 L H 54 20 X-72 1.47 19 380 14 L H 48 20 X-87 1.50 17 380 22 L H 54 20 X-88 1.52 14 360 20 L H 50 20 X-05 1.48 15 400 18 L H 50 20 X-78 1.51 17 360 22 L H 48 20 X-80 1.51 17 360 22 L H 48 20 X-85				

^{**}Coefficient of friction: L···Less than 0.20 (Measuring conditions/Current density: AC10 A/cm sq.; Speed: 20 m/second; Spring pressure: 50 kPa)

**Contact voltage drop: VH···Greater than 3.0V/unit; H···2.0-3.0 volts/unit (Measuring conditions/Current density: AC10 A/cm sq.; Speed: 20 m/second; Spring pressure: 50 kPa)

**The above figures are typical values, and are not guaranteed.

^{**}Declining contact voltage: VL····Less than 0.25 V/unit (Measuring conditions/Slip ring: Copper; Speed: 9.0 m/s; Current: DC10 A/cm sq.)

 [★]The above figures are typical values, and are not guaranteed.



Composition	Bul Grade Dens		Hardness	Electrical Resistivity	Flexural Strength	Coefficient of	Contact voltage drop	Max. peripheral speed	Max. current density	Features/applications				
sition	Grade	g/cm ³	HSC	μΩ·m	MPa	friction	V	m/s	A/cm ²	i eatules/applications				
	C-3	1.62	35	240	24	L	Н	35	13					
	107	1.62	34	100	29	L	Н	35	13	Comparative low resistivity. Suitable for 100-120V power tools.				
	113	1.58	37	290	27	L	Н	35	13					
	C-1	1.49	30	330	13	L	Н	35	12	Suitable for 100-120V and 200-240V cleaners.				
	TX-174	1.55	36	390	24	L	Н	35	18					
	1058	1.55	36	390	24	L	Н	35	18					
	108	1.55	36	390	24	L	Н	35	18	Good commutation performance, wear resistance. Good breaking action.				
	110	1.54	37	350	20	L	Н	35	13	Suitable for 100-120V and 200-240V power tools and cleaners.				
	118	1.64	34	390	23	L	Н	35	18					
Ω	129	1.64	34	620	20	L	Н	35	18					
Carbon	106	1.52	33	680	15	М	VH	35	13	Good commutation performance and wear resistance.				
graphite	111	1.61	37	600	23	М	VH	35	13	Suitable for 200-240V cleaners.				
te	114	1.62	35	900	20	М	VH	35	13					
	122	1.62	42	840	22	М	VH	35	13	Good commutation performance. Suitable for 200-240V power tools and washing				
	124	1.60	47	790	26	М	VH	35	13	machines.				
	127	1.53	33	850	21	М	VH	35	13					
	116	1.62	35	900	20	М	VH	35	13	Good commutation performance and wear resistance. Suitable for 200-240V power tools.				
	119	1.59	42	1300	20	М	VH	35	13	Good commutation and sliding performance. Suitable for 200-240V power tools and washing machines.				
	B-1	1.75	47	450	13	L	Н	25	8	Suitable for small power tools and juicers. Moldable with lead wire by press to size up to L12mm max.				
	C-2	1.55	44	660	17	L	Н	25	10	Suitable for small power tools and juicers. Moldable with lead wire by press to size up to L15mm max.				
	C-2N	1.58	18	660	14	L	Н	25	10	Suitable for small power tools and juicers. Moldable with lead wire by press to size up to L15mm max. Better noise prevention and film adjusting effect than C-2.				
	FX-08	1.66	32	590	19	L	Н	25	10	Suitable for small power tools and juicers. Moldable with lead wire by press to size up to 18mm max Better noise prevention and film adjusting effect than C-2.				

 $[\]mbox{\ensuremath{\,\%}}\mbox{\ensuremath{\,\text{Coefficient}}}$ of friction: M…0.20-0.25, L…Less than 0.20

(Measuring conditions/Current density: AC10 A/cm sq.; Speed: 20 m/second; Spring pressure: 50 kPa)

Maximum peripheral speed and maximum current density differ depending on the commutator and slip ring conditions and conditions of use. The information listed to the left and above represents general examples. Before actually using one of our products, please be sure to contact our sales department to consult on selecting the most appropriate grade.

^{*}Contact voltage drop: VH···Greater than 3.0V/unit; H···2.0-3.0 volts/unit

 $⁽Measuring\ conditions/Current\ density:\ AC10\ A/cm\ sq.;\ Speed:\ 20\ m/second;\ Spring\ pressure:\ 50\ kPa)$

^{*}The above figures are typical values, and are not guaranteed.



Design Data

Reference: methods to mount lead wire and shape of carbon brush (JIS C2802)

C 1 No lead wire	C1-1	C1-2	C1-3	C1-4	© C1-5	C1-6	C1-7	C1-8	C1-9	C1-10
C2 Copper powder	C2-1	C2-2	C2-3	C2-4	C2-5	C2-6	C2-7	C2-8	C2-9	C2-10
tamped soldering	C2-11	C2-12								
	C4-1	C4-2	C4-3	C4-4	C4-5	C4-6	C4-7	C4-8	C4-9	C4-10
C4 Copper pipe (one) Ribetting	C4-11	C4-12	C4-13	C4-14	C4-15	C4-16	C4-17	C4-18	C4-19	-20 C4-20
	C4-21									
C5 Copper pipe	C5-1	C5-2	C5-3	C5-4	C5-5	C5-6	C5-7	C5-8	C5-9	C5-10
(two) Ribetting	C5-11	C5-12	C5-13	C5-14	C5-15	C5-16	C5-17	C5-18		
C6 Segmented rhomboid	C6-1	C6-2	C6-3	C6-4						



■Tolerance for Thickness, Width, and Length (JIS C2802)

Tolerance for the thickness, width, and length of the brush as well as that of the inner dimensions of the brush holder are as follows:

Unit:mm

Naminal Discounting	Brush thickness	/width tolerance	Holder inner dim	ension tolerance	Space betwee	n brush/holder	Brush length	
Nominal Dimensions	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	tolerance	
1.6 / 2 / 2.5	-0.09	-0.03	+0.05	+0.01	0.14	0.04	±0.3	
3.2	-0.09	-0.03	+0.07	+0.02	0.16	0.05	±0.3	
4/5	-0.11	-0.03	+0.07	+0.02	0.18	0.05	±0.3	
6.3 / 8 / 10	-0.11	-0.03	+0.09	+0.03	0.20	0.06	±0.3	
12.5 / 16	-0.13	-0.04	+0.10	+0.03	0.23	0.07	±0.5	
20 / 25	-0.13	-0.04	+0.12	+0.04	0.25	0.08	±0.5	
32 / 40 / 50	-0.15	-0.05	+0.15	+0.05	0.30	0.10	±0.8	
64 / 80	-0.15	-0.05	+0.18	+0.06	0.33	0.11	±0.8	
100 / 125							±1.0	

^{**}Segment brush thickness tolerance of up to 0.02 mm is permissible unless otherwise specified. However, note that the maximum dimensions of the brush cannot be altered.

Display example
$$16^{-0.04}_{-0.15} \times 25^{-0.04}_{-0.13} \times 40^{\pm 0.8} \ \ \text{(two pieces)}$$

**For brushes that has higher thermal expansion, such as metal graphite brushes, the heat expansion dimensions of the above nominal dimensions can be reduced and the above tolerance applied. This is up to the discretion of the manufacturer, and agreement must be reached with the user.

Note that the nominal dimensions in such cases will be displayed as in the table. Letters "a" and "b" in the examples refer to heat expansion.

Display example
$$16^{-(0.14+a)}_{-(0.13+a)} \times 25^{-(0.04+b)}_{-(0.13+b)} \times 40^{\pm 0.8}$$

%Tolerance for the inner dimensions of the holder apply to brush thickness and width direction for the perpendicular-shaped holder. However, for items such as backlash holders, which do not depend on the interval between brush and holder for brush stability, the maximum specification of the interval thickness direction can be altered upon agreement with the user.



Design Data

Lead Wire Structure (JIS C2802)

				Rec	ommended values				Reference
Naminal			Independent wire diamte	er 0.05mm	Independent wire diamte	er 0.08mm	Independent wire diamte	er 0.10mm	Allowable
Nominal cross-section mm ²	Maximum OD	Minimum weight	number of wires/ wire diameters	Cross- section calculation	number of wires/ wire diameters	Cross- section calculation	number of wires/ wire diameters	Cross- section calculation	current +15% -10%
	mm	g/m	mm	mm²	mm	mm²	mm	mm²	А
0.06	0.5	0.48	3/10/0.05	0.06	12/0.08	0.06	_	_	2
0.10*	0.6	0.72	3/17/0.05	0.10	20/0.08	0.10	_	_	3
0.15*	0.7	1.00	3/26/0.05	0.15	30/0.08	0.15	_	_	4
0.20*	0.8	1.40	3/34/0.05	0.20	40/0.08	0.20	_	_	4.8
0.25	1.0	2.00	3/42/0.05	0.25	3/17/0.08	0.26	_	_	5.5
0.30	1.1	2.20	3/51/0.05	0.30	3/20/0.08	0.30	_	_	6
0.35	1.1	2.80	3/60/0.05	0.35	3/23/0.08	0.35	3/15/0.10	0.35	7
0.40	1.2	2.90	_	_	3/27/0.08	0.41	3/17/0.10	0.40	8
0.50	1.3	4.00	_	_	3/33/0.08	0.50	3/21/0.10	0.49	9
0.75*	1.6	5.60	_	_	3/50/0.08	0.75	3/32/0.10	0.75	12
0.90	1.7	6.50	_	_	7/26/0.08	0.91	7/16/0.10	0.88	13
1.00	1.8	8.00	_	_	7/28/0.08	0.99	7/18/0.10	0.99	15
1.25	2.0	10	_	_	7/36/0.08	1.27	7/23/0.10	1.26	17.5
1.40	2.1	11	_	_	7/40/0.08	1.41	7/25/0.10	1.37	19
1.50*	2.2	13	_	_	7/43/0.08	1.51	7/27/0.10	1.48	20
2.00	2.4	16	_	_	7/57/0.08	2.01	7/36/0.10	1.98	24
2.50	2.7	20	_	_	7/71/0.08	2.50	7/46/0.10	2.53	28
3.20	3.0	26	_	_	7/91/0.08	3.20	7/58/0.10	3.19	32
3.50	3.2	28	_	_	7/100/0.08	3.52	7/64/0.10	3.52	34
4.00	3.3	32	_	_	7/114/0.08	4.01	7/73/0.10	4.01	38
4.50	3.5	36	_	_	7/127/0.08	4.47	7/82/0.10	4.15	40
5.50	3.7	44	_	_	7/157/0.08	5.52	7/100/0.10	5.50	45
6.00	4.2	48	_	_	7/170/0.08	5.98	7/109/0.10	5.99	50
6.50	4.4	52	_	_	_	_	7/119/0.10	6.54	53
8.00	4.7	64	_	_	_	_	7/146/0.10	8.03	60
10.00	5.3	80	_		_	_	7/182/0.10	10.01	75
12.50	5.9	100	_	_	_	_	7/7/32/0.10	12.32	85
16.00	6.7	128	_	_	_	_	7/7/42/0.10	16.16	100

[%] Figures based on JIS C3664 standards (IEC60228).

^{*}The material of lead wire having 0.05/0.08mm independent diameter is based on JIS 3103 while lead wire having 0.10mm independent diameter is based on JIS3102.

 $[\]label{eq:where the lead wire is fitted into a tube, lead wire thickness can be adjusted upon agreement with the user.$

^{*}Where there is a possibility of excess current or insufficient cooling capability, adjust the lead wire thickness upon agreement with the user.



■Terminal shape and dimensions (JIS C2802)

Unit:mm

		Inetallation			Dimensions		
Number	Dimensional diagrams	Installation screw (meter screw)	d	В	Dimensions	L	t
		3	3.5 + 0.2	8 ± 0.3	4	12 ± 1	0.5 0.8
	t t	4	4.5 + 0.3	10 ± 0.3	5	15 ± 1	0.8
T-1		5	5.5 + 0.3	13 ± 0.4	6.5	20 ± 1	0.8 1.0
T-2		6	6.5 + 0.3	16 ± 0.4	8	24 ± 1	1.0
	T-1 T-2	8	8.5 ^{+ 0.3} - 0.1	19 ± 0.5	9.5	29 ± 1	1.0 1.2
		10	10.5 + 0.3	23 ± 0.5	12	40 ± 1	1.2
	B - ± 	5	5.5 ^{+ 0.3} - 0.1	13 ± 0.8	6.5	20 ± 1.5	0.4 0.5
T-3		6	6.5 ^{+ 0.3} - 0.1	16 ± 0.8	8	24 ± 1.5	0.4 0.5
	Д Т-3	8	8.5 ^{+ 0.3} - 0.1	19 ± 1	9.5	29 ± 1.5	0.4 0.5
		3	3.5 + 0.2 - 0.2	8 ± 0.3	4	>8	0.5 0.8
	<u> </u>	4	4.5 + 0.3 - 0.1	10 ± 0.3	5	>10	0.8
T-4		5	5.5 + 0.3 - 0.1	13 ± 0.4	6.5	> 13	0.8 1.0
T-5	-G+ -G+ -G+	6	6.5 ^{+ 0.3} - 0.1	16 ± 0.4	8	>16	1.0
	T-4 T-5	8	8.5 ^{+ 0.3} - 0.1	19 ± 0.5	9.5	> 19	1.0 1.2
		10	10.5 + 0.3 - 0.1	23 ± 0.5	12	> 25	1.2
	+ d - +	5	5.5 + 0.3 - 0.1	13 ± 0.8	6.5	20 ± 1	0.4 0.5
T-6		6	6.5 + 0.3	16 ± 0.8	8	24 ± 1	0.4 0.5
T-7	B	8	8.5 + 0.3 - 0.1	19 ± 1	9.5	29 ± 1	0.6 0.8
	T-6 T-7	10	10.5 + 0.4 - 0.1	23 ± 1	11.5	35 ± 1	0.6 0.8
		4	4.5 + 0.3	10 ± 1	5	>10	0.8 1.0
т. О		5	5.5 + 0.3 - 0.1	14 ± 1	7	>12	0.8 1.0
T-8 T-9		6	6.5 + 0.3	16 ± 1	8	>14	1.0 1.2
	T-8 T-9	8	8.5 + 0.3	20 ± 1	10	>18	1.0 1.2
		10	10.5 + 0.3	23 ± 1	12	> 26	1.2

[%]Where there is no tolerance indicated (excluding t), it is the G dimension $\pm 10\%$

 $[\]mbox{\%}$ The t dimensions for T-8 can be 1.2 for screw numbers 4 and 5, and 1.5 for screw numbers 6 and 8.